"The union of lakes-the union of lands-The union of States none can sever-The union of hearts-the union of hands-And the flag of our Union forever."

Knoxville, Tenn., May 2, 1866.

C. S. HUBBARD, No. 24, Broad Street, Boston, Mass. - our regularly appointed agent to receive subscriptions for our paper in the States of Connecticut and Massa-

The Wars can be had every week at the News | 1864. Depot of R. H. Singleton, Post Office Building Nashville, Tenn.

Col. John H. James, Chief Quartermaster of the District of East Tennessee, is authorized to receive payment for subscriptions to this paper.

Louis McGlauflin is authorized to act as our agent along the whole Pacific Coast. His address in San Francisco, California.

"Prentice, Henderson & Osborne."

This is the name of a firm of editors and publish ers in Kentucky, who run that three-faced and prostituted concern, known as the Louisville Journal, a paper, which, during the rebellion, has been on both sides of the question. Its corrupt, drunken, debauched old head, Prentice, remained in Kentucky during the war intriguing for large contracts with the Federal Government, furnishing mules, corn, guns and pistols, and following on the heels of the Army of the Cumberland with permits to sell all the goods he could engage for a per cent. from the claim aforesaid was false, fraudulent, and fictitious, wners. His sons, meanwhile, went into the rebel ervice-one run the blockade with pistels for the rebels, while the other was in Morgan's command collecting horses and mules. Were these turned over to the Senior Swindler of the Journal office, to be sold to the United States Army in Nashville' Let what follows answer the question.

The court martial sitting in Nashville, Gen. Gillem presiding, is developing some of the most astounding frauds and forgeries perpetrated since the war commenced, in which this Louisville Journal trio figures largely, in the person of Isham Henderson. This swindler by power of attorney from the speaking. He justified the Military League-apold whiskey-rotted Prentice, was under bonds to proved the Rebellion eulogized the Southern report to Major General Thomas, and failing to do troops for bravery and patriotism-boasted that he so, the General, by telegraph, ordered the Post Commandant at Louisville to arrest the mule trader that the negroes were lawfully emancipated. We and send him under guard to Nashville to be tried. Accordingly Gen. Jeff. C. Davis, commanding the Department of Kentucky, brought the representative of the Journal office up standing, on the evening of the 23d of April, saying to the Judge Advocate, defense-not representing Knox and Roune, but his "Here's your made." But Gen. Davis, on the 24th, own wishes. The vote rejecting Johnson, was as had a writ of hubeas corpus served on him from a follows: United States Court in favor of Henderson, and the General, in accordance with the instructions of Gen. Thomas, refused to obey the writ. We expect to hear the old driveling corruptionist of the Journal office, howl over the despotism of a military court And as the concern is dependant on the President for parden, we may look for the Journal to extel the President to the skies for his talents, virtues, patriotism, courage and firmness. Indeed, in view of the chances of this first breaking into the Penitontiary for their large and criminal frauds, they took time by the forelock, and began their extravagant praise of the President as soon as Lincoln was as-

It seems that Henderson was bound in a bond of \$50,000, to appear at Nashville, Osborne, of the dred thousand dollars. The Little Miami Railroad Col. J. C. Childs, Journal, being his security. The old bell-weather subscribed \$100,000; its Columbus connections \$100,- Major W. Wilkerson. of the firm, kept out in order to hide appearances. Prentice makes the contracts, Henderson does the Lexington, \$30,000, Nicholasville branch (which is J. W. Lewis swindling, and Osborne goes security, in case Hen- backed by D. Sinton, a millionaire of this city.) John Linart, derson is caught. How must poor Henderson feel \$500,000; individual subscriptions \$100,000. The E. W. Bewren, toward Prentice, in view of his incarceration in our last sum will be greatly augmented during the week, E. W. Adkins, State Prison? Should be live to serve his time out, it will be said of him as it was of Ingoldsby's le- nite shape. The speeches made on the occasion gendary Cardinal

He cursed him at board, he cursed him in bed, From the soul of his foot to the crown of his head; He cursed him in sleeping-that very night He should dream of the Devil and wake in a fright : He cursed him in eating, he cursed him drinking: He cursed him in coughing, in sneezing, in winking : He cursed him in sitting, in standing, in lying He cursed bim in walking, in riding, in flying, He cursed him in living, he cursed him in dying Never was heard such a terrible curse:

But what gave rise Nobody seemed one penny the worse

President!

D. Prentice! the butt-cut of Original Sin, the up- Bank, W. B. Smith and John Coker. per-crust of all mastiness-a miserable old broken-down back, steeped to the nose and chin in personal and political profligacy, lost to all sense of bonor and shame, and blind to all the obligations of patriotism! He was recently a candidate for Public Printer before the Kentucky Legislature, and received three potes. Thus the Legislature of his State is driving him into these mule trades!

But to the case of Henderson. He is, at the time of this writing, on trial in Nashville, having been delivered under a strong guard, to the military they were projudiced against him in advance. His are heralded the virtues of the remedies made by Mai John McGaughey, Capt. Thomas Davis, in the Nashville papers

Charge 1st.-Unlawfully entering into an agreement, combination and conspiracy with one William McKay Hoge, a government employee, in time of war, to cheat and defraud the Government of the midst. The Rev. gentleman informs us that the Capt. John Harold, United States, and the Quartermaster's Department | whole of the remedial aid employed in those counthereof, by obtaining, or aiding and assisting to obtries, comes from Europe or America, as they post John Moon, tain, the payment and allowance of false, fraudulent and fictitious claims against the Government of the United States, in violation of Act of Congress, have any confidence thems lives. There arose the John Wolf. approved March 2d, 1863.

Specification 1st -In this, that he, Isham Henderson, late a contractor engaged in furnishing mules to the United States Government, for the use of the service thereof, did, while such contractor, and in | mankind. - Lynn News. time of war, unlawfully and feloniously, for the purpose of defrauding the United States Government and the Quartermaster's Department thereof, cy with one William McKay Hoge, a government father, by Rev. John F. Spence, Dr. Gustavus R. W. P. Gillenwaters employee, to cheat and defraud the United States Brandau, to Miss Charlotte C. Roehl, daughter of Government and the Quartermaster's Department thereof, by forging or procuring to be forged the Adolph Roehl. Dr. B. was for some time an officer Hon. D. C. Trewhitt, name H. Bruner a government employee, in the of the regiment with which we were connected, and R. G. Campbell, service of the Quartermaster's Department, at Nash- we had the pleasure of witnessing the nuptials and John Kimbrough. ville, Tenn., as Superintendent of corrals, to certain receipts for mules, alleged to have been delivered by the said Henderson to the United States Govern- Doctor was so true to his obligations as a gentleman George Phillips ment for the use of the military service as contrac- | and a soldier that we doubt not be will make an ex- | E. A. James, tor as aforesaid, and uttering the same as genuine cellent hasband. We wish him and his fair bride H. T. Parish, for the purpose of presenting such receipts to the proper authorities to obtain vouchers for the number of mules mentioned in the same for the purpose of obtaining payment thereon. This at or ucar Nashville, Tenn., on or about, and during the

Specification 2d .- In this, that he, Isham Hender

months of July and August, 1861.

son, late a contractor engaged in furnishing mules to the United States Government for the use of the military service thereof, did, while such contractor, and in time of war, unlawfully and feloniously, and for the purpose of cheating and defrading the Unit ted States Government and the Quartermaster's Department thereof, combine and confederate, and did | Tobacco Store on Cumberland Street. enter into an agreement, combination and conspiracy with one William McKay Hoge, a Government employee, to cheat and defraud the Government of the United States and the Quartermaster's Depart- | TRIMBLE, Missionary Secretary of the M. E. Church ment thereof, by making or procuring to be made. a false, fraudulent and ficticious receipt purporting to be signed by Henry Bruner, the said Henry Bru ner being at the same time in the employ of the Quartermaster's Department, at Nashville, Tennessee, as superintendent of corrals, bearing date on or about the 4th day of August, 1864, and to the tenor and effect that he, the said Isham Henderson, had delivered to the United States Government as contractor as aforesaid, one hundred and sixty-two mules, or thereabouts, and was entitled to pay therefor from the United States, and by means of such fslse, fraudulent, and fictitious receipt, and at the ter's advertisement in another column. ulent and fictitious, obtaining from the Quartermaster's Department of the United States the sum of Tenn., on or about the 4th day of August, 1 64. Charge 2d.—Forging or procuring to be forged, sceipts for process alleged to have been delivered to

The Enoxville Whig. Spezification.—In this, that he, Isham Henderson, late a contractor engaged in furnishing mules to the United States Government, for the use of the military service thereof, did, whilst such contractor, in time of war, having conspired with Wm. McKay Hoge, a Government employee, to cheat and defraud the United States Government, by forging, or procuring to be forged, receipts for mules alleged to have been delivered by said Henderson to the Uni-States Government, as contractor aforesaid, in furtherance of said conspiracy, knowingly, feloniously, and unlawfully forge, or cause to be forged, the name of Henry Bruner, Superintendent of corrals in the Quartermaster's Department at Nashville, Tennessee, to a certain receipt for one hundred and sixty-two mules, or thereabouts, alleged to have been furnished by the said Henderson as contractor,

which receipt was of the following, to-wit: NASHVILLE, Tenn., August 4, 1864. Inspected and received from Isham Henderson 162) one hundred and sixty-two serviceable mules. H. BRUNER,

per Hoge, Clerk. or of figures and words to that effect; and did utter the same as true and genuine, for the purpose of obtaining, or aiding in obtaining, the payment of a false, fraudulent and fictitious claim against the Government of the United States and the Quartermaster's Department thereof. This at or near Nashrille, Tenn., on or about the 4th day of August,

Charge 3d .- Presenting or causing to be presented for payment to an officer of United States, n time of war, a false, fraudulent and fictitious claim against the United States, knowing the same to be false, fraudulent and fictitious, in violation of Act of Congress approved March 2d, 1863.

Specification .- In this, that he, Isham Henderson, late a contractor engaged in furnishing mules to the United States Government, for the use of the military service thereof, did, in time of war, while such contractor, having conspired and confederated with Wm. McKay Hoge, a government employee, to chest and defraud the Government of the Uni ted States, by obtaining, or aiding to obtain, the payment of false, fraudulent, and fictitious claims gainst the United States, and the Quartermaster's Department thereof, present, or cause to be presened, to an officer of the United States, for payment, s false, fraudulent, and fictitious claim against the United States and the Quartermaster thereof for the number of one hundred and sixty-two mules, or thereabouts, of great value, to-wit: \$24,300, or thereabouts, alleged to have been delivered by the said Henderson, as contracter aforesaid, the said Henderson well knowing at the same time that the and that the mules aforesaid had not been delivered as alleged; and further, that the said Henderson did actually receive payment on said claim, whereby the Government of the United States was Jefrauded to the amount of \$24,800, or thereabouts. This at or near Nashville, Tenn., on or about the 5th day of August, 1865.

Rejection of Cave Johnson.

The Senate by a vote of 12 to 7, refused Hon-Cave Johnson a seat in that body. Mr. Johnson was allowed to advocate his cuase in a speech of more than one hour. He damaged his cause by had three sons in the Southern army -and denied respect Mr. Johnson for his bold and open avowal of rebel sentiments and purposes, as he only put forth what is in all their leading men.

Fracier, of Knox, made a speech in Johnson's

- Aldridge, Bosson, Cate, Case, Hall, Keith McKinney. McEiwee, Powell, Senter, Trimble and tem. Speaker Frierson-12.

A great meeting was held in Cincinnati recently by the public spirited and wealthy men of that city. | members, to the Secretary, when the following names | making the movement a question of partisan poli-In a dispatch from Cincinnati, which we publish be- were presented low is a synopsis of the proceeding. The dispatch

"The railroad to Knoxville is a fixed fact. A Wm. J. Reynolds plendid meeting was held at the Chamber of Com- | John Baker, erce to-night, at which the subscriptions amount- | Col. Crockett Wade, d to the magnificent sum of one million three hun- | W. W. Weaver, 000; the Dayton Railroad, including the Atlantic G. Queener, and Great Western, \$100,000; the Covington and John J. Ross many business men having expressed their intention of subscribing when the enterprise takes defipromised the speediest construction of the read compatable with its interests and solidity.

PERSONAL. -The cowardly, sneaking editor of the | Captain J. M. Henry, filthy little sheet in this city, has turned "Know Nothing." In his issue of May 3d, in referring to our attack on him, he says he refrains "from any Dr. Wm. Hunt, statement of the affair, as we (he) personally knew | Mai. S. Hambright, nothing about it until after it was over."

This is the coolest declaration any man ever made | W.O. White, in this place. During the summer months we comexcept the Quartermaster's Department—except mend it as an invaluable substitute for ice to those Capt. A. D. Stone, Uncle Sam, and he is minus some money and mules, of our citi.ens who do not possess this article. Like which the Journal office will resist the refunding of, the cuttle fish that inks the water to elude pursuit, Capt. Archibald Myers, James Hatmaker, by writs of hebers corpus, and direct appeals to the heattempts, by a quotation from Shakspeare, to cover David Gowins, his retreat behind his "know nothing" subterfage. | E. Hollingsworth, The offender standing out in bold relief in this It will not avail him. The people know the jellow, huge swindle, is George D. Printice, although he and his friends regard his conduct as cowardly. He Richard Wheeler has managed thus far to keep his head out of the refers to Judge Jones. The Judges testimony will James H. Grant, halter. George D. Prentice! the embodiment of all not help him. We likewise refer to Judge Jones, Robert Housely, that is mercinary, intemperate and corrupt! George | as well as R. M. McClung, Cashier 1st National

THE Rev. C. W. Vining who has safely returned | Abraham Tipton, from a journey in the East, thoughtfully brings us, among other curiosities, some of the newspapers published in Egypt and Turkey. They are in four languages, French, Turkish, Armenian, and Greek. James I. Hollingswor We cannot read them, but he can, and through his Reuben Kesterson, patience we have been gratified to learn their con- Vincent Myers. tents, and the materials of which newspapers are J. J. Sewell, made up in the land of the Osmanlis. Our Ameri- Joseph White. can enterprise is well represented : stoves, wooden court. He objected to each member of the court, and tin-ware, ploughs, axes and tools are advertised | Lieut, William Jones. composed of thereen officers, on the ground that from this country. In each of the four languages objections were over-ruled, and he is to answer to our celebrated countrymen, Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., of Blackston McDannel. the following specifications and charges, published Lowell. They seem not to depend on their home William Euble, reputation for confidence abroad, but publish the Patrick Marshal certificates of the Musselmen rulers themselves, to Solomon Good, the cures which those medicines have made in their James Obrian. sess no medical colleges or schools in which they www. Will religious ideas which pervade the human family, J. M. Sizemore, but almost all that is useful in art or invention must | John Beyley, be carried back to these, the earlier settlements of 0. B. Bailey,

Married.

Near this city, at the residence of the bride's

long life and unalloyed happiness. There's a bliss beyond all that the minstrel has told, When two that are link'd in one heavenly tie, With heart never changing, and brow never cold Love on thre' all ills, and love on till they die.

WANTED .- A copy of Haywood's History of Ten. nessee. The owner will probably be satisfied with the price offered him. Apply at this office. tf

THE BEST CIGAR only Five Cents, at the Cheap

REV. BISHOP D. W. CLARK, D. D., and REV. DR will preach in Knoxville on Sunday next. *** THE Holston Conference of the M. E. Church

meets at Greenville on Thursday, 17th inst. THE BEST FIVE CENT CIGAR. THE BEST FIVE CENT CIGAR. At the Cheap TobaccoStore on Cumberland Street.

PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVICE,-Read Dr. Whit-

Tur Republican Post Masters at Lafayette, Indi-\$74,300 or thereabouts. This at or near Nashville, ana, at Pittsburg, and other important points, are being turned out of office to make room for Copperheads who favor the policy of the President. This

PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

EAST TENN. CONVENTION. Held at Knoxville, May 3d & 4th, 1866.

On Thursday, the 3d day of May, 1866, the people of East Tennessee, by their delegates, assembled in Convention at Knoxville, in accordance with the following call issued some two weeks since:

To the People of East Tennessee : We, the undersigned, citizens of East Tennessee n view of the irreconcilable differences of opinion heretofore and now existing between our people and those of the other grand Divisions of the State, and looking to the formation, in a Constitutional mode, of a new State to be called East TENNESSEE, do hereby suggest and name the first Thursday in May next, being the third day thereof, for the people of East Tennessee, and of such other counties as choose to join us, to assemble in Convention at Knoxville. by their delegates duly appointed or chosen, not exceeding two for each one hundred qualified voters, for the purpose of memoralizing the Legislature for leave to form a new State, or to take such other steps looking to that end as the Convention may, in its wisdom, deem proper and advisable.

We respectfully ask the people of the different

counties to appoint their delegates as soon as possi-

ble, so that the action of the Convention may be

laid before the Legislature before it adjourns. Jas. M. Meek, of Jefferson county. Wm. Galbraith, of Jefferson county. James P. Swann, of Jefferson county R. R. Butler, of Johnson county. John Caldwell, of Sevier county. H. C. Smith, of Carter county. John W. Tipton, of Carter county. S. A. Rogers, of Rosne county. N. A. Patterson, of Roane county. C. A. Eames, of Washington county H. A. Kelly, of Washington county. D. T. Wilds, of Washington county. L. C. Hoss, of Washington county. Dr. G. R. Brandow, of Scott county. Wm. Hunt, of Bradley county. S. Hambright, of Bradley county. Thomas J. Moore, of Monroe county. J. H. Pickle, of Monroe county. Isaac Benson, of McMinn county. Wm. P. Jones, of Grainger county. James A. Byrd, of Grainger county D. C. Trewhitt, of Hamilton county. Russel M. Hamon, of Campbell county. P. N. Roddy, of Claibourne county. M. L. Patterson, of Greene county. James Britton, of Greene county. David K. Young, of Anderson county. L. C. Houk, of Anderson county. S. R. Rodgers, of Knox county. Thos. A. R. Nelson, of Knox county Joseph A. Cooper, of Knox county. O. P. Temple, of Knox county. James Rodgers, of Knox county S. H. Smith, of Knox county. L. S. Trowbridge, of Knox county. John B. Brownlow, of Knox county Perez Dickinson, of Knox county. Joseph A. Mabry, of Knox county W. M. Daniel, of Knox county. John Looney, of Knox county. William Rule, of Knox county. M. D. Bearden, of Knox county

Paul Sturm, of Knox county. The Convention met at the Court House at 12 M., Greene county, was called to the Chair temporarily, and Col. M. L. Patterson appointed Secretary pro pointed to report officers for the permanent organi-Knoxville and Cincinnati Railroad. zation of the Convention. At the suggestion of rious delegations to report, through one of their

E. Goetz, of Knox county.

V. J. Koehler, of Knox county.

ANDERSON COUNTY. John Courtney, Rufus Thompson, Elijah Duncan, George Clark, A. O. Peck. G. W. Leath. James C. Keith, C. W. Scarborough James Phillips, Calvin Carrell, William Baker, John W. Edmerson William B. Robbins, Mai. D. C. Dassett. E. C. Edwards.

BLOUNT COUNTY. William Anderson, J. D. Alexander James Hitch, Maj. G. W. Hutsell, A. J. Smith. James Goffetts. Thomas Pickens, Maj. A. M. Gamble Lieut. S. H. Gault. George Snider, Alfred McConnell, Capt. Samuel P. Rowan

BRADLEY COUNTY. A. J. White. H. M. Collins, W. M. Wilhoit. Capt. David M. Nelson, Benton Honegar Lieut. E. Shipley, Allen Mailer.

John L. Keeny, Harrison Woods, John H. Clibourne. James F. Wheeler J. S. Lindsay, John Peterson, George W. Sharp. Tucker W. Page. CARTER COUNTY.

H. C. Smith, Capt. Isaac Taylor, James M. Williams James Scott, A. B. Jenkins, Esquire Richley John Snodgrass. John Hughes, Col. Sam. Williams Capt. B. A. Miller CLAIROURNE COUNTY. Wm. Ausmers.

R. G. Yoakum, William Cook, J. T. Mason. J. W. Brown. Eli Gowin, Raymond Owen GRAINGER COUNTY.

A. J. Pierce. J. J. Mitchell Lieut. E. Wilhoit. Ephraim Davis, Lieut. A. B. Wilson. Lt. W. L. Worthington. Col. M. L. Patterson. HAWKINS COUNTY. W. P. Armstreng. James Amis,

A. Leng. John Proffitt. Joseph Eckle. Wiley A. Grigsby. J. Walker, J. Jenkins. George Wills James Wilson, J. H Walker. Wesley Tunnel, Thomas J. Amis, James Wallace George A. Gillenwaters, Nelson Campbel A. K. Price, N. T Beal.

H. C. Dunlap. James R. Hood. J. B. Nicklin, R. L. Watkins, Samuel I. Byee. M. M. Stone, J. A. Green, Peter Monger, J. D. Keener, Capt, Thomas Mc Nish, Maj. W. R. Tracy B. W. Crutchfield

KNOX COUNTY. Hon. Thos. A. R. Nelson, C. W. Karns, Rev. J. M. Brown S. R. Redgers, W. F. Hedgecock, Hon, E. T. Hall Col. O. P. Temple John Roberts, W. P. Washburn, Col. John B. Browniew, Wm. Smith. Gen. L. S. Trowbridge, B. F. Bearden. Capt. M. D. Bearden. W. C. Brandon M. McClellan. Dr. James Rodgers, L. Gilson, C. M. McGhee. Tandy Dowell, Gen. Jos. A. Cooper, Col. John M. Davis, Perez Dickinson. J. H. Nickle, Dr. S. H. Smith, George W. Summers. Mai. W. R. McBath Thomas Rodgers, John Smith. James P. Ford. G. W. Weaver, Lewis Anderson. J. J. Crawford, James Tarwater. James M. Murphy, Joseph Payne, R. Shipe, Col. P. C. Rutherford, Thomas A. Smith. . C. E. Callen. H. L. W. Mynatt, H. Newman. M. W. Huffaker, Wm. Shell, Joseph W. Fowler. Samuel Pickle, James M. Armstrong. W. Y. C. Cox. James M. Carter, Levi McCloud, John McMillan. J. Calvin Myratt Samuel D. Linart

W. L. Ledgerwood,

M. W. Yarnell,

John Caldwell,

Israel Wilson,

James A. Pickens.

Maj. S. H. Pickens,

Dr. John T. We.ls. SEVIER COUNTY. R. M. Creswell. Dr. J. C. Eilis, John H. McNutt. Dr. C. W. Catlett, Dr. Wm. H. Sneed,

JEFFERSON COUNTY. S. J. Newman, Col. Jno. Talbot, Jno. C. Tate, Moses Skeen, S. M. Sawyers, Wilson C. Witt, Philip Mosier, W. S. Roese, Alex. Williams, George W. Mcthee, A. R. Meek, Dr John P. Mathes, Garret Lane, Wm. Courtney, Col. E. A. Sawyers Pleasant Horner, Isaac P. Haun, Dr. J. J. Johnson Capt. C. C. Brown. Col. Jno. R. Branner,

MONROE COUNTY. William Smith, Isaac Deliseman Samuel Johnson, John Breck, G. C. Dongan. J. C. Montgomery; M'MINN COUNTY. Stephen Sharetts, O. P. Hall, Rev. J. A. Hyden. A. J. Peters, M. L. Phillips, S. M. Henderson, M. D. Anderson, Andrew Hutsell, Hon. Wm. L. Adarus, Elijah Hutsell. James Gettys, SEELGS COUNTY.

Wm. French Sam'l. C. Gass,

Wm. G.Ibraith, B. F. Frankiin,

John Mindon, George M Elliott.

Wm. H. Eckle,

John B. Denton,

J. M. Thornburgh

Dr. A. Blackburn,

Col. J. B. Minnis.

Robert Burchfield

J. H. McGill. Isaac R. Night. Dr. Elbert Shipley. James T. Griffith. Sam'l. Hutsell POLK COUNTY. Col. John B. Brownlow, (Alternate.)

ROANE COUNTY. Maj. H. M. Alexander, F. Beals, N. A. Patterson. SCOTT COUNTY. Dr. G. R. Brandow, WASHINGTON COUNTY. Dr. L. Tucker.

Capt. N. Hacker. J. Melton Scudder, J. J. Yeager. William C. Spurgin. Nat. B. Owens, Dr. Wm. Hale, Hon, S. E. Griffith; Capt. George McPherson, Dr. R. Humphreys. Capt. Peters, Lt. H. M. Walker, S. J. W. Luckey, Capt. G. E. Grisham. Dr. I. A. Branscom. Capt. N. McLaughlin, Capt. Bailey. Joseph Keebler Lt. G. W. Douglass, Capt. John W. Edwards, Montgomery Mitchell, Capt. T. W. McKee, D. T. Wilds, Col. C. A. Eames, Edward H. West. Wm. Coffman. Dr. C. Wheeler, John A. Wilds. Lt Jacob Leab, Mai. Bradshaw. Lt. Henry Hoss Maj. George W. Luttrell, Henry Johnson, Cramp Smith, Dr. M. L. D. Bore-ng. P. M. Reeves. Lt. Henry A. Kelly. John R. Spurgin, Thomas McAdams Lt. S. C. Moreley John West.

MION COUNTY. John W. Turner, Hardin Skaggs, James H. Turner. J. S. Grubbs. Jacob Smith, Elliah Evans. Dr. Sam'l. Adkins Moses Longmire L. R. Corden, Lawson Damewood, J. G. Palmer. M. V. Nash, Claiborne Carnes, R. J. Russell John Bright. Capt. James Ledgerwood.

The Convention then adjourned until 2 o'clock, 2 o'clock, P. M.

Upon its re-assembling, the Convention was opened with prayer by the Rev. J. Albert Hyden. The Committee on permanent organization, through their Chairman, A. B. Gwens, then submitted the following report:

President—Hon. S. R. Rodgers, of Knox.

Vice-Presidents-Hon. E. T. Hall, of Knox. Hon. L. Adams, of McMinn. Perez Dickinson, of Knox. Principal Secretary-M. L. Patterson, of Greene Asst. Secretary-U. M. Aiken, of Knox. M. L. Phillips, of McMinn. John B. Brownlow, of Knox. Geo. E. Grisham, of Washington. David M. Nelson, of Bradley.

On motion, report was unanimously adopted. After a few remarks by the Chair touching | The President them addressed the Convention in the object of the meeting, a Committee, consisting some forcible and appropriate remarks, explaining Noes-Carrigan, Frazier of Wilson, Frazier of of N. B. Owens, of Washington, J. J. Crawford, of the object for which the Convention was assembled, Knox, Johnson, McFarland, Nelson and Smith—7. Knox, David Goddard, of Blount, N. A. Patterson, and urging the measure of erecting a new State, to of Roane, and P. N. Roddy, of Claibourne, was ap- be composed of the Eastern Division of Tennessee, upon the grounds of the geographical isolation of East Tennessee from the other divisions of the State. Hon. Saml. R. Rodgers, the Chair directed the va- and the dissimilarity of their interests-dwelling, with especial emphasis, upon the impropriety of

> On motion of Col. O. P. Temple, the President was authorized to appoint a Committee to prepare and report resolutions for the Convention. The following gentlemen were appointed on said Committee Col. O. P. Temple, of Knox; John Caldwell, of Sevier; M. L. Philips, of McMinn; Hon. Thos. A. R. Nelson, of Knox; N. B. Owens, of Washington; Hon. John McGaughey, of Greene; Maj. Wm. Alexander, of Roane; Dr. Wm. Hunt, of Bradley; S. W. Randles, of Sevier; Capt. J. M. Scudder, of Washington; Maj. A. M. Gamble, of Blount. During the absence of the Committee on Resolu-

tions, the Convention was ably addressed by N. A. Patterson, Esq., of Reane, who strongly endorsed the new State project as calculated to develop the immense resources of East Tennessee, and to promote the political, financial, social and religious wel-At the close of his remarks the Committee on

Resolutions, through their Chairman, Colonel O. P. Temple, submitted the following report:

The idea of the separate political existence of East Tennessee is not a recent one. Many years ago, before our late and present political troubles. a portion of our people warmly cherished such a scheme. The great chain of the Cumberland Meantains divides and cuts us off from the other divisions of the State. Our boundaries are everywhere else on the mountain tops. Our people are remote from the Capitol of the State. Those living in the extreme Eastern end, to reach it, are compelled to travel over three hundred miles, and some of them near four hundred. There is a difference in soil, climate and productions between the two sections, and a more marked difference between the people in tastes, hallits and thoughts. In the elections of February and June, 1861, the difference in political sentiment and attachment was so distinct as to make us in fact two people. That difference somewhat modified it may be, still exists, and will continue for a generation or longer. In view of this difference, and with the view of siding the general Government, the Convention which assembled at Greeneville, on the 17th day of June, 1861, which was largely represented by our ablest, purest and best men, and by delegates from every county. with remarkable unanimity, after a five days session, declared in favor of a new State, and asked the Legislature, then in session, to give its assent thereto. Again, in March, 1864, that Convention was reassembled with the avowed object of again pressing the matter, but unfortunately other topics

of more exciting interest were introduced and absorbed the attention of the members, and the primary object of the meeting was lest sight of. To-day the the reasons for a separation, which existed five years ago, still exist, and some of them with increased force. There is not, and cannot be. any harmony or community of sentiment and feeling between the people of the two sections. The difference is wide, irreconcilable and radical. A majority, indeed almost all the people west of the mountains were rebels in the late civil strife; with equal unanimity our people were loyal to the Union. They hated us for our alleged treachery to the South; while our people had much to complain of for their treachery to the Union, and for their conduct in sending troops among us to subjugate us. They constitute the majority in the State. To escape their rule, the loyal people of the State, as they think, are compelled for self protection to exclude them, or the greater part of them, from office and the ballot-box. This is begetting increased exasperation and ill-will. After the next regular election, in spite of and probably in disregard of any franchise law which may be passed, the probabilities are they will control the State. How they will exercise their power cannot be known in advance, but it may be well for Union men to remember their reign from 1861 up to 1863, and take warning from the past. They may, and probably will, indemnify and pay, by taxation, the millions of dollars of loss sustained by rebels during the war, and may at-

them for their ninety-five millions of dollars worth To avoid this state of strife and bitterness we believe a separation best. We desire a peaceable and to live in peace, with the power to direct our own it a temporary peritertiary may be built and a live in peace, with the power to direct our own it a temporary peritertiary may be built and a energies as we may see fit, and with the liberty, in event of an other rebellion at any future time, springing out of the ashes of the past one, of adhering to the government of our fathers, instead of being dragged into a false and treasonable position by the action of others, and being forced to suffer all the consequences resulting therefrom. Let us then separate, and leave each free, with a homogenions population with and liberal laws, to pursue the path which duty and honor may point out. The objection, that we are not able to bear the

burdens and expenses of an independent State, is a slander on the patriotism, the liberality and public spirit of our people. Do we then confess that we are dependant on the people of the other divisions of the State for the means of carrying on the machinery of government? We have an area of fourteen thousand square miles, with a population of three hundred and seven thousand persons. Our soil and climate are universally admired, having a Southern exposure with a Northern elevation, and combining to some extent the advantages of both. Our water power is unlimited. The Watauga, the Holston, the Nollachucky, the French Broad, the Pigeons, the Little and the High Tennessee, the Hiwassee, the Glinch the Emory, and divers other streams, as they come leaping from the mountains, afford innumerable sizes for the existence of a Low ell. Our mineral resources are incredible, and almost fabulous, and are ample to build and sustain many Pittsburgs. All that is wanting to make us spring forward on a splendid career of prosperity and wealth is the spirit of enterprise, and the magic touch of skill, science and capital. Then will these dormant natural powers be trained to the service of man, and yield plentiful is treams of wealth. Look at the State of Mas sachusetts. Her soil use for many and wild plentiful is treams of wealth. Look at the State of Mas sachusetts. Her soil ty-nine square miles less territory than East Tennessee, exting forth our reasons for this grave see. Our population is a little over three hundred and stream, the desired and seconded, and that the Mily the Mayor and Alderness than the Mayor and the true of the City of Knoxville.

The Mayor Mayor the M the Nollachucky, the French Broad, the Pigeons,

soil is naturally better than hers, our climate is better, our productions much more varied, our mineral resources infinitely greater; in a word, we possess every natural advantage over her except the single one of not being washed by the waves of the manufactures, navgiation and the improvement of a poor and unkind soil, have made her what she is. The same industry, skill and enterprise, applied in developing the wavesoftly mineral manufactures, and unkind soil, have made her what she is. The same industry, skill and enterprise, applied in developing the wavesoftly mineral manufactures. The same industry, skill and enterprise, applied in developing the wonderful mineral, manufacturing and agricultural resources of East Tennessee, combined with universal education, will make her leap forward with the elastic vigor of renewed youth.—
Already she is attracting immigration and capital.
Vast numbers are ready to come, and now only wait to see whether the State is again to pass under the domination of those lately in arms against the government. If so, they will remain away. But give us a new State, and they will come from every quarter, with industry, skill and capital, to aid in bringing forth from their secret places our petro-leum, iron, copper, zinc, lead, coal and marble, and in building up towns, cities, manufactures, roads, schools, colleges and churches.

our arms, and receive the rich legacies of the Crea-But is it quite certain that our taxes will be increased by the formation of a new State? Will they not be diminished? In considering these questions let it be borne in mind that our slaves heretofore constituted a fraction less than one-third in value of the taxable property of the State. That source of taxation is gone. The loss falls on the different divisions of the State as follows:

Too poor to bear the expenses of a separate State? It is a slander. We are the richest people in the

world. All we need is the energy to stretch forth

East Tennessee, \$10,558,652; Middle Tennessee, \$57,077,960; West Tennessee, \$47,972,942. Thus, while we lose from that source in the ratio of one dollar, Middle Tennessee loses near six dollars, and West Tennessee near five dollars. While we lose as a source of taxation \$10,558,652, the two other divisions of the State lose in the aggregate \$105,050,902, or more than ten dollars to our one. point a Committee of fifteen who should draft an It appears then that they are much poorer than they were before the war, while we are relatively appointed on said Committee the following named is, to a great extent, the result of the expenditure of of Knox; Jno. Caldwell, of Sevier; Rich. Wheeler, the people's money, and ours with it, in building of Campbell; Hon. John McGaughey, of Greene; railroads, turnpike roads, and public buildings, in Hon. S. J. Lucky, of Washington; R. M. Gillenthat section, thus enhancing the value of their lands. | waters, of Hawkins; M. L. Phillips and Rev. J. A. | gratis to all who call for it. We have paid our part of the \$1,228,356 66, to build Hyden, of McMinn; Hon. D. C. Trewhitt, of Hamher turnpike roads, while we have not received one liton, Dr. William Hunt, of Bradley; Hon. James Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion Dysentary, Foul Stomach, cent for hat purpose.

| P. Swann, of Jefferson; and N. A. Patterson, of Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Heartburn arising from Disorent for hat purpose.

Let us now look at some facts and figures, and

approximate as nearly as we can the income and expenses of a new State.

In 1860 the taxable property of East Tennessee was valued at \$64,378,480. Multiply that by 25 cents on the hundred dollars, the present rate of taxation for State purposes, and it gives in taxes...

35,533 polls, the number in 1860, at one dollar each, gives The taxes received from the County, Circuit and Chancery Court Clerks, as taxes on law suits, on privileges, licenses, on land and town lots registered, &c., will amount, on an average

of \$2,000 00, to each county, and thirty counties to the sum of ... Knox county pays this year alone in this way, about \$23,000 00. Making a total of income of

EXPENSES. Under our present State Government there are twelve salaried officers of the Executive Department, with salaries amounting in the aggregate to\$20,500 0 Several of these offices, by using economy, may

e filled by one man-such as the Superintenaddress of unusual power, presenting many strong dant of Weights and Measures, State Librarian, and convincing arguments in favor of the move-Commissioner of Roads, and School Commissioner, and for some of them there will be no immediate ase, such as the Superintendent of the Insane Hos-There are five Circuit and three Chancery Judges, at a salary each of \$2,000 \$16,000 00

We would need three Supreme Judges ... The expenses of State prosecutions, bills of costs, conveying prisoners to penitentiary, &c., would amount probably to .. 15,000 Attorney General and Reporter ... The debt of the State proper was, in 1860, \$3,894,606 66. In dividing it our proportion would be about one-fourth, say 973,651 66. Interest on that sum at

6 per cent. would be about...... The Legislature of East Tennessee would probably consist of about forty-five members. Say they were in session three months, (they ought to be limited on pay to 60 days,) at \$4 00 per day, with mileage, and meeting once in two years, it would cost about \$18,500 00. Say for each year contingent expenses, such as fuel, books,

stationary, printing, &c., &c Rent of a capitol, &c., until we are able to build one, per year .. Making an aggregate of annual expenses Subtract the expenses from the supposed income, (\$256,497 20,) based on the

value of property in 1860, and the present rate of State taxation, and there remains a surplus of From this ought to be deducted about the sum of \$25,000, to cover the loss of the slave property, which is included in

the above estimate, leaving a net surplus of..... Deduct for unforseen expenses \$11,328 14, it leaves..... In other words, our taxes will actually be dimin-

ished that much. It is believed, after the most careful calculation ires, and cannot be far wrong. It has long been

the truth of the charge. over three millions were endorsements for and on | walk, at the expense of the owner, or owners, it account of Railroads in East Tennessee. The actual front of whose property said pavement or side-walk share we have thus received, and for which we is made or repaired. would be contingently liable, in the event a new State were formed, would be about one-fifth; while sparesaid, That in all cases when it becomes necesthe amount we are now contingently liable for, and sary for the street committee to have pavements respect also our liabilities would be diminished by this ordinance, to make out a bill of expenses incur-

If a new State should be formed, the debt of the State and the public property will be the subjects of in constructing for and superintending the work, equitable adjustment. The following items must and hand it over to the principal marshal of the

properly enter into that adjustment: The State capitol, library, weights and measures, furniture, &c., worth say .. \$1,500,000 00 250,000 00 Penitentiary, worth say Lunatic or Insane Hospital, worth say 200,000 00 Turnpike Roads in Middle Tennessee... 1,228,356 00 Total of property in Middle Tennessee

belonging to the State, without taking into the calculation other items that might be added ... From this is to be deducted the amount of the capitol stock of the State in the East Tenn. and Ga. R. R.\$425,500 00 The value of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum at Knox-

25,000 00 \$450,500 0 ville, sav ... Leaving a balance, in which we have a common interest, and for which we ought to be paid, of uppose our share to be one-fourth, and

we have this sum for which we ought

on the new State, thus showing that the taxes of the | morals; therefore,

of our brave and noble people. This movement, in favor of a new State, begun in days of darkness and danger, with the view of Sec. 2. Be it ordained by the Mayor and Alderment clinging to and aiding the General Government, is of the Corporation of the City of Knozeille, That if

of the propriety and expediency of the formation of

the proposed State. At this stage of the proceedings E. A. James, of Hamilton, offered in lieu the following resolutions: Resolved, That we, the delegates from the different counties of East Tennessee, in Convention assembled, do think it injudicious, at this time, to form a separate State out of what is known as Bast Ten-

Resolved, That as the question is not yet decided by Congress whether Tennessee is a State, that we had better seek to restore the whole State to her original status in the great galaxy of States before we attempt to establish a separate State within the territory of the same.

On motion of Capt. J. M. Scudder, of Washington, they were tabled by a most decided vote, and pending the consideration of the resolutions offered by the Committee, the Convention adjourned until te-morrow morning, 9 o'clock.

SECOND DAY. Convention met pursuant to adjournment. The

Honorable President in the Chair. The minutes of the previous day were read, and after a slight amend- prove, as this has, of immense service to this large class of ment relative to resolutions offered by a member our afflicted follow-citizens. How completely this compound from Hamilton, were approved. To obtain the sense will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst of the Convention as to the preamble and resolutions reported by the Committee on the first day, Col. O. P. Temple, after remarks by several gentle- Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Eruptions, St. Anthony's Fire, men, called for the previous question, which, being brought to a vote, procured the adoption of the re- worm, &c. port with but four dissenting voices. On motion of directed, as provided for in the 3d resolution, to apaddress to the people of East Tennessee. The Chair Upon the suggestion of Maj. Wm. M. Alexander,

of Roane, a contribution of money was made to defray the expense of placing the proceedings of the Convention in pamphlet form before the people. The Chair then announced the following Committee, who, with himself, should proceed at once to Nashville to memoralize the Legislature with re- Druggists and Dealers everywhere, in Knoxville, at wholesals gard to the formation of the new State: Hon. S. and retail box E. J. SANFORD & CO. . W. Luckey and A. B. Owens, of Washington; Gen. Joseph A. Cooper, of Knox; M. L. Phillips,

of McMinn; Hon. D. C. Trewhitt, of Hamilton; John Caldwell, of Sevier, Hon. L. C. Houk, of Anderson; and Maj. Wm. M. Alexander, of Roane. Col. O. P. Temple, being now loudly called for appeared and said he wished to hear from General Cooper, of Knox, and hoped the Convention would call for that gentleman. Calls for the General brought him out. Stating his devotion to the cause, he assured the Convention that he would always stand by the noble and loyal East Tennesseeans .-That the differences existing between this and the other Divisions of the State are irreconcilable; that he was identified with the 25,000 soldiers of East Tennessee who had periled their lives for the old flag. In conclusion, the General was persuaded that the people favored the movement and were fully alive to their interests. Col. Temple, being again called for, responded at considerable length in an

Hon. John McGaughey, of Greene, then urged upon the Convention the importance of conducting the canvass which must follow kindness, but with vigor. On motion, the gentleman, who had addressed the Convention, were requested to furnish copies of their

addresses for publication. On motion, the papers of East Tennessee were requested to publish the proceedings of the Convention, and the Nashville Press and Times to copy. A vote of thanks was then returned to the officer: of the Convention for the satisfactory manner in which they had discharged their duties. The Chair then briefly acknowledged his obligations to the Convention, thanking them for the ability, coolness and deliberation which had marked their proceed-

On motion of Col. John B. Brownlow, the Chair was directed to appoint a Committee of five to be known as the "Central Committee of East Tennes- | the world. see," and that a corresponding Committee of three be appointed from each county. The following gentlemen were appointed as said Committee: John B. Brownlow, Col. O. P. Temple, Col. M. L. Patterson, Hon. Thos. A. R. Nelson, and Perez Dickinson. On motion of Col. Temple, the Convention ad-

ourned sine die. S. R. Rodgers, Chairman. M. L. Patterson, Secretary.

Corroration Laws .- The following ordinances, passed by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of this city, we publish for the benefit of all concerned:

Sec. 1. Be it ordained by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Knoxville, That all persons owning property within the corporate limits of said city, shall make or cause to be made, on or and investigation, that the above estimates are near- before the 15th day of May next, good and substanly correct. They are based on official data and fig- tial pavements in front of their property where curbing has been set, either with good hard burnt brick. believed and asserted by some of our public men or smooth rock flagging; and that it shall further that the legislation of the State had been of such a | the duty of all persons owning property within said character on the part of the majority west of the corporate limits, to repair their pavements which are mountains as to make our section of the State bear | now made and put them in good repair, and where more than her share of the taxation and burthens of necessary to raise or lower their pavements, so as to the State. These figures would seem to demonstrate | make a gradual walk, and to take out defective brick and replace them with sound ones where it is It is proper to add that the State has endorsed the required; and in the event of any property-holder bonds of Railroad and Turnpike Companies, for failing or refusing to comply with this ordinance, which it is contingently liable, to the amount of near | then it shall be the duty of the street committee to fifteen millions of dollars. Of this sum something | cause to be made or repaired said pavement or side

Sec. 2. Be it further ordained by the authorities equitably entitled to, is about one-fourth. In this made or repaired in compliance with 1st section of red in making or repairing pavements, together with city or any one of his assistants, to present to the owner or owners in front of whose property said payements are laid or repaired, and if said account s not paid when presented it shall then be the duty of the principal marshal to institute an action for the recovery of the amount claimed before any tribunal having cognizance of the same, in the name of the Mayor and Aldermen of said corporation, and in case the owner of said property in front of which property said pavements are made or repaired are non-residents, said marshal shall in that event institute such proceedings as will hold the property re sponsible for the amount due, &c., in the name of aid Mayor and Aldermen.

Sec. 3. Be it further ordained. That notice of the passage of the above ordinance be given by posters at least ten days before the 15th of May next.

An Ordinance, further to enforce the observance of decency and good morals, and to prevent profunity within the limits of the City of Knowville.

Whereas, It is apparent that many rude and disorderly persons, who have but little respect for them-selves, and none for others, are accumstomed to expose themselves and their persons in and about the To sum up the whole, it will be seen that, taking borders of the limits of the city of Knoxville, by the assessment of 1860, and the present rate of tax- openly bathing in Holston Kiver and First and Secation thereon, with the other sources of revenue, and ond Creeks to the great discomfort and annoyance after paying the interest on our share of the State to passers by on the common pass ways, or their debt proper, and adding over eleven thousand dol- margins, and the good citizens of the city of Knoxlars for unforseen expenses, there remains the sum ville therein residing; and by profanely swearing, of one hundred thousand dollars not needed to carry cursing and vulgarly speaking against law and good

State house fitted up. There is no necessity for And it is hereby enacted that it shall not be lawful building a costly State capitol at this time. Tennes- for any person, in the day time, openly to expose see did without a capitol of her own for upwards of their person, or any part thereof which is unseemly fifty years. A temporary building can be procured and improper, by bathing in the river Holston, or and fitted up at an expense of five or ten thousand First or Second creeks, at or hear the confines of the dollars, which will answer until our wealth is devel- city of Knexville, so as to annoy any of the citizens oped. When that time comes, with the aid of con- therein residing, or any person, or persons, passing oped. When that time comes, with the aid of convict labor, a capitol can be built out of East Tennessee marble, and without a very heavy cost, that
will be the pride and ornament of the State. Econowill be the pride and ornament of the State. Econoday or by night, profanely to swear, curse, or blaswill be the pride and ornament of the State. Econo- day or by night, profanely to swear, curse, or blasmy and unostentation, for the present at least, will | pheme, or use vulgar and unbecoming language, well belit the pure patriotism and unselfish loyalty either in the water or on the margin of said river or creek, so as to annoy or offend the lear of the said

OBITUARY.

Died, at her residence in Tazewell, Claiborne county, on the 2th of April, 1866, Mrs. LIZZIE J. HOLLINGSWORTH, wife of Lieutenant James J. Hollingsworth, after a painful illness

several weeks duration. The deceased was an amiable, high-minded woman, and was steemed by all who knew her. She left an infant but a few seek's old, and a husband, and relations, and many friends, mourn her loss. It is gratifying to her friends to know that before she died she professed religion, and left us for a life of

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA

IS a concentrated extract of the choice root, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effec-/tual antidote for diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. Such a remedy is surely wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must

Scrofula, Scrofulous Swellings and Sores, Skin Diseases, Rose or Erysipelas. Tetter or Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ring-

Syphilis or Venerial Diseases is expelled from the system by Col. O. P. Temple, the Chair was authorized and the prolonged use of this Sarsaparilla, and the patient is left in comparative health.

often soon cured by this EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. Do not discard this invaluable medicine, because you have much richer. The wealth of the other divisions of the State, and especially that of Middle Tennessee, W. Humes, John Smith and Gen. Joseph A. Cooper, while it was not. When you have used Aven's—then, and not till then, will you know the virtues of Sarsaparille. For min-

> tered Stemach, Pain, or Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatuency, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint, Drophy, Worms, Sout, Neuralgia, and for a Dinner Pill. They are sugar couted so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best Aperient in the world

TAKE NO NORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE REMEDIES for un-leasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Brent and Indroved Rose Wash.

THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH .- Therefore, the nervous

MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VISIOR are regained by HELMSOLD'S

SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED BY HELMBOLD'S EX-

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

The use of Mrs. Winslow's preparations in your families will occumote health, beauty, comfort, and happiness. Read the dvertisement of Mrs. Winslow's Mystic Pills, and Queen Hair Restorer in another column of this paper, then buy, use, and be convinced that our statements are true. Sold by all

nd extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin .or sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. feb21-19 ---A Crown of Glory.

IT IS WARRANTED TO PLEASE.

It Makes New Hair Grow on Bald Heads. It Prevents the Hair from Falling Out. It Renders the Hair Soft and Glossy. Cleases the Scalp. Cools the Heated Brow. Removes Dandruff. Cures Nervous Headache. Cures Baldness.

Delicately Perfumed. Patronized by Opera Singers and An Ordinance requiring the owners of property within the Corporate limits of the City of Knoxville to make Pavements in front of their property; also, to keep such as are now made in proper repair, &c.

THERE IS NO MISTAKE ABOUT IT.

215 Fulton Street, New York.

SHEET MUSIC.

PIANO, VIOLINS, GUITARS, ACCORDEONS, BANJOS, &c.

COMBS, BRUSHES, PEFUMERY HAIR OILS, FANCY SOAPS, &c.

MASONIC LIBRARY. Mackey's Lexicon, Jurisprudence, Book of the Lodge, and Mackey's Lexicon, Jurisprudence, Book of the Lodge, and Book of the Chapter, Sherer's Gems of Masonry, Webb's Free Mason's Monitor and Templar's Chart by Ounsingham, &c. Stationery of all kinds constantly on hand—Bell Cap Paper, Legal Cap, Letter, Commercial Note, an assortment of Ladies Note, French Gilt and Mourning Papers.

Exercises of all kinds, sizes and descriptions, including the new style of oran Exp Exercises. may2tf

DR. FOUCHE, DENTIST.

Established in Knexville in 1841. First class dental opera-ions only performed in his office. may91f

O. HARRIS. L. C. Hoss will continue the mercantile business in the same house recently occupied by Wm: Harris Co. He has re-cently brought a stock of New Goods, embracing almost every

NOTICE-N AGENT WANTED FOR THE A sale of fine Silver and Copper Medalions of Generals T. S. Grant, W. T. Sherman, Robert E. Lee, Stonewall Jackson, and others. The said Agent to have full control of East Ten-

FOR SALE OR RENT.-A PIANO.

I in good order. Apply at the New Brug Store, opporthe National Bank, to E. J. SANFORD. mays TAX SALES.

any person, or persons, shall violate the provisions of this ordinance, as provided for in the first section, he or they so offending, shall be subject to a fine of not less than one, nor more than five dollars, to be we fondly aspire to enter. Therefore,

Resolved, 1st, That it is the sense of this Convention that it will be best for the peace and happiness of all the people of the State that the District known as East Tennessee should be formed into a new State.

glorious immortality. SPECIAL NOTICES.

cases to be found in the following complaints:

Femule Discuses are cause by Scrofula in the blood, and are

ute particulars of the diseases it cures, we refer you to Ayer's American' Almanac, which the agent below-named will furnish AVER'S CETHARTIC PILLS, for the cure of Costiveness,

for all the purposes of a family physic, Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by

Young men and maidens! hearken to facts not fables.

COLGATE'S HONEY SOAP. This celebrated toilet Soap, in such universal demand, made from the choicest materials, is mild and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented.

Every man, woman child who has used Sterling's Ambrosia s willing to recommend it. Three years of rapidly increasing sale have made the Ambrosia famous all over

It cures Itching of the Head.

Insures Luxuriant Locks. Inclines Hair to Curl. Supersedes Wigs. Kills Hair Enters. Good effect apparant at once. TO THE LADIES WE SAY, the Ambrosia will suit you to a T. Elegantly put up.

THERE IS NO MISTAKE ABOUT IT, STERLING'S AMBROSIA is the best, most agreeable and effective toilet article in the world. To prove this

TERLING'S AMBROSIA MANUFACTURING CO.,

GILBERT & CO.,

Books, Stationery

Gay Street, (opposite the Lamar House,) KNOXVILLE, TENN. BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

MUSIC and MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

LADIES FANCY TOILET ARTICLES,

WINDOW SHADES, WALL PAPER, &c.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP. THE DISSOLUTION OF CO-PART NERSHIP of Wm. Harris Co., was dissolved on the 20th day of March last, by mutual consent. Either partner is au-

variety, which he will be pleased to show, as they are chaper than similar goods have been bought in this nurset. Please call and examine for yourselves.

L. C. HOSS,

Successor of Win, Harris & Co.,

STATE OF TENNESSEE, KNOX COUNTY.